years, perceived a need for a system of tax-financed hospital and medical care insurance as part of a system of social security. A "have-not" province, Saskatchewan, pioneered both hospital and medical care insurance.

The authors emphasize that medicare by itself will not reduce the inequities between the rich and the poor. Programs to improve the lot of the 20 to 40 per cent of the population who are poor in Canada and the United States, must be tied in with medical care for the latter to achieve its potential.

The authors critically evaluate the process of becoming a doctor and present-day lack of major innovations in medical education to equip young doctors to be prepared for the society they will face when they enter practice.

## ESTUDIOS DE DEMOGRAFIA

CLYDE V. KISER (EDITOR)

Translated into Spanish by Nuria Cortada de Kohan assisted by Jorge Arévalo.

New York, Milbank Memorial Fund, with the collaboration of Fundación Interamericana de Bibliotecología Franklin 1967, 528 pp., \$3.00.

The Franklin Books Program is an unofficial international agency supported by various private foundations, which was created in 1952 to encourage the translation and publication of scientific literature in the underdeveloped countries.

With its central office in New York City, the Franklin Books Program has regional offices in the areas its serves. The Fundación Interamericana de Bibliotecología Franklin is the Latin American affiliate, located in Buenos Aires.

Even before the Milbank Memorial Fund became aware of the existence of Franklin Books Program, it had decided to try to help fill the special need for Spanish translations of demographic literature in Latin America. During the past few years a marked expansion has occurred in the teaching of demography in schools of public health, departments of preventive medicine, and other divisions of Latin American Universities. As a consequence, the need for more Spanish translations of demographic materials in Latin America has increased greatly during the past few years.

To help meet this need, the Milbank Memorial Fund has published in both English and Spanish the proceedings of two of its previous conference round tables on demographic subjects and one on social science subjects. It plans to publish in both languages the papers presented at two round tables on these subjects being convened in connection with the Fund's 1967 conference.

In addition to the publication in Spanish of its recent conferences on Latin American topics, the Fund asked one of its senior staff members to select for translation a group of articles on demography published in English in past issues of the Fund's publications, or published elsewhere under the authorship of the Fund's staff.

The result is Estudios de Demografia, edited by Clyde V. Kiser, senior member of the Milbank Memorial Fund Technical Staff. The Fundación Franklin arranged for Senora Nuria Cortada de Kohan, Professor of Educational Statistics of the University of Buenos Aires, to translate the articles selected for the volume. Through the cooperation of Professor Carmen Miro, Director of the United Nations Latin American Demographic Training Center (CELADE) and Professor Jorge Arévalo of the staff of CELADE, the services of the latter were secured to check the translations for accuracy, particularly with respect to "demographic sense."

The volume contains 27 articles classified into five categories—fertility, mortality, migration, research methods and demographic problems of underdeveloped areas.

The five articles in the section on fertility were prepared by John Hajnal; Clyde V. Kiser and P. K. Whelpton; Wilson H. Grabill and

Paul C. Glick; Clyde V. Kiser; Ansley J. Coale and C. Y. Tye; and D. Goldberg, H. Sharp and R. Freedman.

Seven articles of mortality are those of Jean Bourgeois-Pichat and Chia-Lin Pan; George J. Stolnitz; Vasilios G. Valoras; I. M. Moriyama and Lillian Guaralnick; Ansley J. Coale; Francis C. Madigan; and Philip E. Enterline.

The five articles on migration are those by Dudley Kirk, who wrote two of them; Kingsley Davis; J. J. Spengler; and Judith Lazarus, Ben Z. Locke and Dorothy Swaine Thomas.

The six articles on research methods are by William C. Cochran; Philip M. Hauser; Arthur A. Campbell; P. K. Whelpton; J. M. Stycos; and A. J. Coale.

The three concluding articles on underdeveloped areas are those by F. W. Notestein; Rupert B. Vance; and Warren S. Thompson.