Leveraging Hospital Financial Analyses to Inform State Policy

April 9, 2024







Peterson-Milbank Program for Sustainable Health Care Costs

The Peterson-Milbank Program for Sustainable Health Care Costs supports state-led efforts to make health care more affordable for everyone.

As part of this program, five states—<u>Connecticut</u>, <u>New Jersey</u>, <u>Oregon</u>, <u>Rhode Island</u>, and <u>Washington</u>—are receiving direct support to analyze and address the underlying drivers of health care cost growth, using <u>cost growth targets</u> to advance affordability.

Speakers

- Presenters:
 - Nate Pauly, Senior Manager, Manatt Health
 - Sarah Kinsler, Senior Consultant, Bailit Health
- Panelists:
 - Kevin McAvey, Managing Director, Manatt Health (moderator)
 - Steven Ranzoni, Hospital Policy Advisor, Oregon Health Authority
 - Charles Miller, Senior Policy Advisor, Texas 2036
 - Maureen Hensley-Quinn, Senior Program Director, NASHP

Agenda

- Introduction of "Guide to Hospital Financial Analyses"
 - Medicare Cost Reports
 - Audited Financial Statements
 - IRS Form 990 Filings
 - Considerations for Data Selection & Use
- State Leader Panel
- Question & Answer



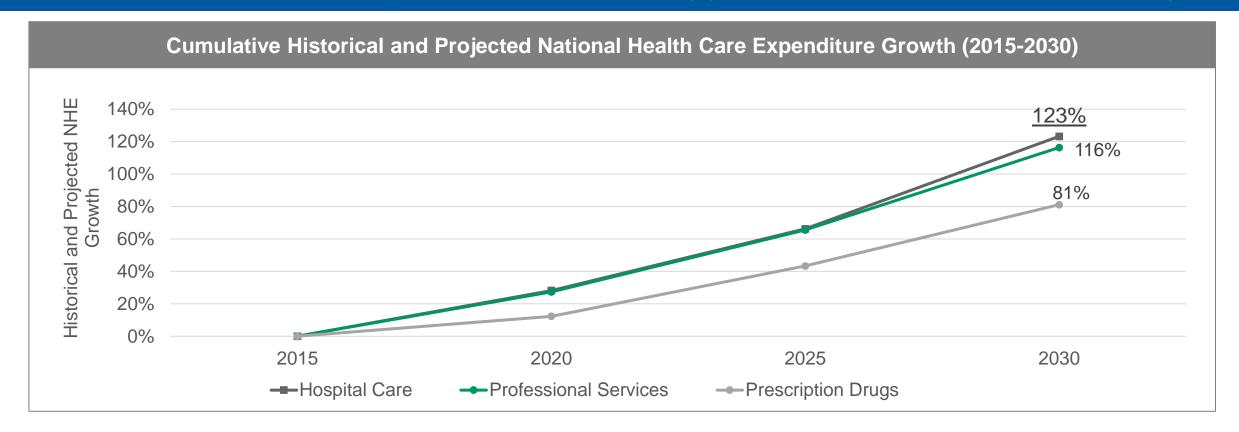
Guide to Understanding Hospital Spending through Financial Analyses

Analytic Support Resource



Background

Hospital spending is a major health care cost driver at the state and national levels. CMS projects hospital spending will continue to increase at 5.8% annually from 2022 to 2031, outpacing growth in most other health care service categories.



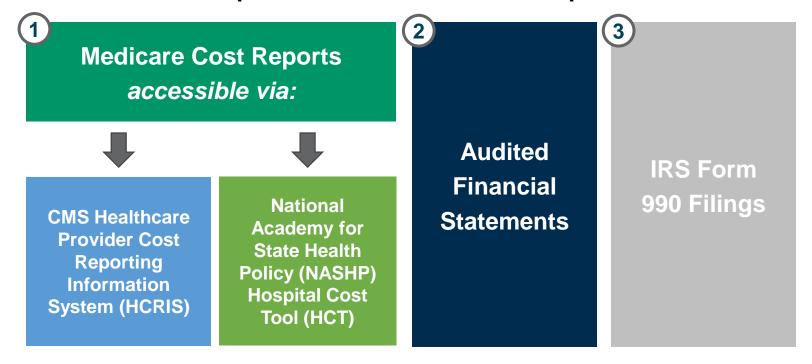
Data Source: Historical and projected NHE data and projected GDP data from Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of the Actuary, National Health Statistics Group. National Health Expenditure Accounts Data. Updated July 19, 2023. Available here.



Guide Overview

The Guide profiles three publicly available data sources and considerations for use.

Hospital Financial Data Source Options





Medicare Cost Reports (MCRs)

Manatt Health



Medicare Cost Reports Overview

All nonprofit and for-profit Medicare-certified institutional providers are required to submit Medicare Cost Reports (MCRs) to CMS every hospital fiscal year

Overview

- CMS uses MCR data to determine government payment rates and other types of hospital funding
- MCRs capture detailed facility-level data, including:
 - Hospital costs (e.g., labor, charity care, bad debt, and uninsured patient costs) and data by cost center
 - Profitability and revenue
 - Facility characteristics (e.g., payer-mix, patient discharges, bed count)
 - Receipt of government subsidies (e.g., graduate medical education funding, COVID-19 relief funding, separate payments)
 - Cost-to-charge ratios

Strengths

- Historical data publicly available for all hospitals
- Federally standardized data source
- Supports comparisons across states

Limitations

- Data are not audited and may contain errors or omissions
- Data lag (up to two years)
- Only available at the facility-level
- Missing some financial elements (e.g., liquidity, debt capacity, capital investments)



Accessing Medicare Cost Reports

MCR data are available from CMS via the Healthcare Provider Cost Reporting Information System (HCRIS) or via the National Academy of State Health Policy (NASHP) Hospital Cost Tool (HCT)



Medicare Cost Reports via HCRIS

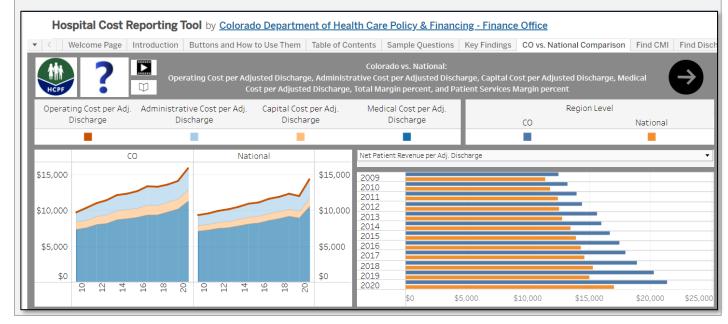
Overview

- HCRIS data capture raw, unedited data from MCRs as reported by health facilities to CMS
- Analyzing HCRIS data can be laborintensive and requires analytic tools like SAS, SQL, or R
- CMS provides HCIRS data in Excel-based Public Use Files (PUFs) and SAS data files
- HCRIS includes data elements not captured in the NASHP HCT, including:
 - Costs by cost center
 - Information on government subsidies (e.g., graduate medical education funding, disproportionate share hospital payments)

Analytic Example

In 2020, the Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and Financing (HCPF) used HCRIS data as the primary source for their Hospital Cost Reporting Tool

Colorado HCPF Hospital Cost Reporting Tool







Medicare Cost Reports via NASHP HCT

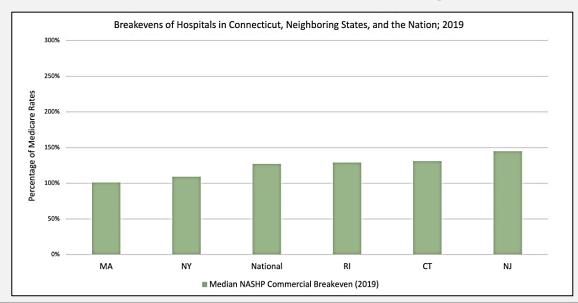
Overview

- The NASHP HCT includes key fields from hospital MCR data abstracted from HCRIS
- NASHP includes multiple calculated and valueadded fields in the HCT, including:
 - Commercial breakeven points
 - RAND 4.0 commercial prices
 - Payer-mix adjusted profit margins
 - Operating profit margins by line of business
- Interactive data dashboard allows users to examine characteristics of a single facility or easily compare metrics across states or types of hospitals (e.g., non-profit vs. for profit)
- Excel spreadsheet including data behind the interactive dashboard is available for download

Analytic Example

A 2022 analysis using the NASHP HCT found that hospitals in Connecticut had higher median commercial breakeven points relative to hospitals nationwide, and those in peer states

Median NASHP Commercial Breakevens of Hospitals in CT, 2019





Hospital Audited Financial Statements

Bailit Health



Overview

- Submitted by nonprofit and forprofit hospitals and health systems to a variety of entities to obtain and maintain bond financing, support lender and private investor transparency, and to aid state and federal oversight
- Include detailed facility and health system financial data, including data on income, changes in net assets, cash flow, and debt
- Detailed footnotes describe reporting policies and practices

Analytic Example

The Oregon Health Authority's Hospital Reporting Program collects audited hospital financial data to produce regular reports, such as the quarterly Financial & Utilization Trends Report.

Oregon Acute Hospital Total and Operating Margins Q2 2021 – Q2 2023



Helping state policymakers answer key questions

- Are hospital claims of current or anticipated financial distress accurate?
- Are hospital claims of solid financial health accurate?
- Which hospitals can handle state strategies to slow hospital spending growth?
- How does financial health vary by region, hospital type (e.g., general acute care vs. critical access), and ownership (non-profit vs. for-profit)?

Strengths

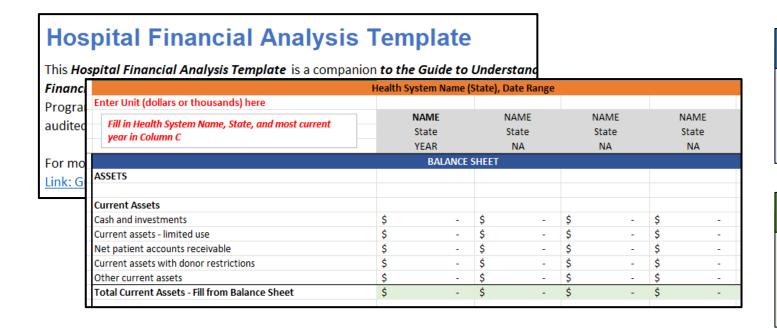
- Most detailed health system financial reporting
- Reported at the health system level, including all holdings
- Available within three to six months
- Use Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

Limitations

- May not be publicly available for all hospitals in all states (although most are)
- Do not always include facility characteristics (e.g., bed count, detailed labor costs)
- May be more consolidated than preferable for some uses
- Require standardizing prior to comparison



This guide and accompanying resources strive to make analyzing audited financial statements as easy as possible for states



Measures

- Eight key financial indicators calculated from Audited Financial Statement data
- Reference ranges from national medians

Tools

Companion Hospital Financial Analysis
 Template to help state analysts calculate the eight measures

Source Guide

- Where to find Audited Financial Statements
- How to export them from PDF to Excel



Interpretation: Four Rules of Thumb

- 1. Look across multiple years of data, ideally three to five years.
- 2. Do not draw conclusions from a single measure, as performance will likely vary by measure.
- 3. Key indicators are related. Example: A high level of long-term debt is generally unfavorable, unless the Debt Service Coverage Ratio is high. This could indicate high cash flow from operations and the ability to carry more debt.
- **4. Remember your policy goals.** "Optimal" health system financial performance as measured by the eight key indicators may not serve your state's overall affordability goals; health systems in financial distress can also result in harm to patients.

IRS Form 990 Filings

Bailit Health



IRS Form 990 Filings

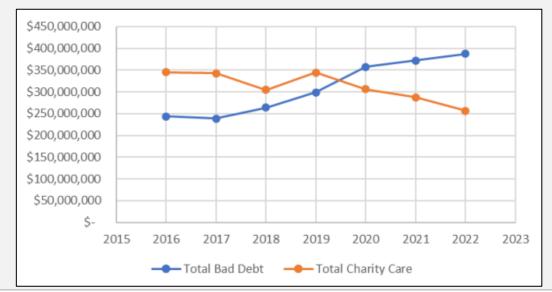
Overview

- Submitted by non-governmental nonprofit hospitals and health systems to the federal Internal Revenue Service (IRS); not available for government-owned or for-profit institutions
- Used by the IRS to collect information about tax exempt organizations
- Includes hospital and health system financial data, but are not comparable to audited financial statements or Medicare Cost Reports
- Includes information on communitybenefit spending not consistently captured in other data sources

Analytic Example

The Connecticut Office of Health Strategy's Community Benefit Report analyzes nonprofit hospital IRS Form 990 filings and state-submitted hospital annual reports to the state to examine hospitals' community benefit spending and activities.

Total Connecticut Nonprofit Hospitals' Bad Debt and Charity Care Expenses (2016-22)



Data Source Selection

Manatt Health



Data Source Selection Considerations (1)

MCR Data

Consider leveraging MCR data via the NASHP HCT when seeking to:

- Conduct financial analyses with limited capable and trained staff
- Conduct quick comparative analyses across states, health systems, or facilities within a state
- Analyze financial metrics at the hospital-level when Audited Financial States are unavailable
- Analyze labor and other costs in context and over time

Consider leveraging MCR data via HCRIS when seeking to:

- Conduct financial analyses and trained staff and analytic tools are available
- Analyze costs by cost center

Data Source Selection Considerations (2)

Audited Financial Statements

Consider leveraging when seeking to:

- Conduct financial analyses where trained staff are available
- Analyze metrics like days cash on hand, investment income, long-term debt, or average age of plant
- Analyze financial metrics at the health systemlevel
- Access the most recent data possible

IRS Form 990 Filings

Consider leveraging when seeking to:

- Supplement analyses performed using audited financial statements or MCRs
- Analyze community benefit spending
- Conduct financial analyses where audited financial statements are unavailable.

State Leader Panel

Moderated by Kevin McAvey, Manatt Health



State Panelists



Maureen Hensley-Quinn Senior Program Director NASHP



Charles Miller
Senior Policy Advisor
Texas 2036



Steven Ranzoni
Hospital Policy Advisor
Oregon Health Authority

Closing Remarks

Peterson-Milbank Program for Sustainable Health Care Costs

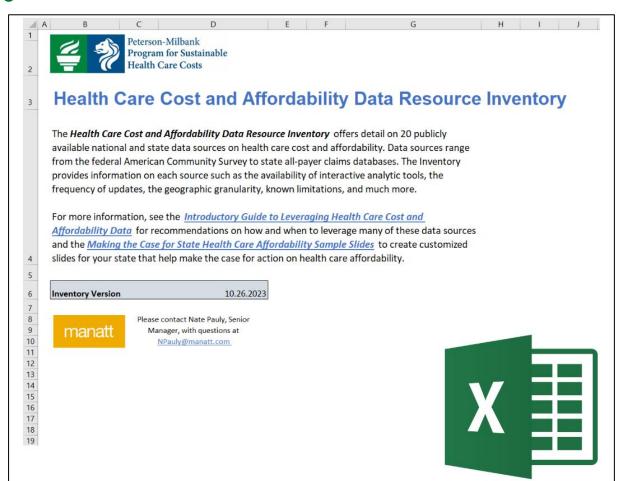


Other Data Analytic Resources (1)

1 Leveraging Health System Costs and Affordability Data

Offers guidance for states on how to best use publicly available data sources to address common questions related to health care affordability.

- Health Care Cost and Affordability
 Data Resource Inventory
 catalogues 20 publicly-available
 data sources: and
- Introductory Guide to Leveraging Health Care Cost and Affordability Data provides direction and considerations for data source use.





Other Data Analytic Resources (2)

State Health Care Affordability Sample Slides

Provides states with a "starter set" of easy-to-use, customizable slides that highlight national and state health care spending and affordability trends using universally available health care data.

- Making the Case for State Health
 Care Affordability Sample Slides; and
- Accompanying Databook includes data for all states and instructions for customizing data visuals.



Making the Case for State Health Care Affordability
Sample Slides

Peterson-Milbank Program for Sustainable Health Care Costs

Manatt Health

November 2023





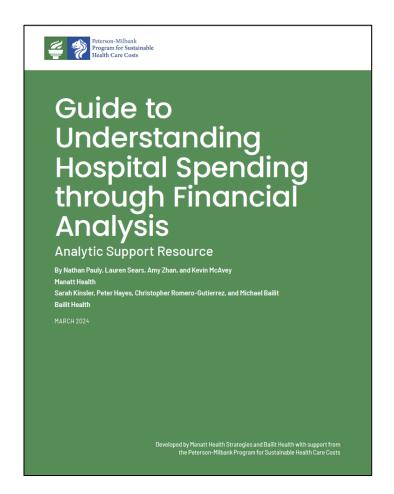
Other Data Analytic Resources (3)

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Analytic Guides

Provides state technical staff with standard analytic methodologies for translating health care data into actionable insights.

- Guide to Grouping Outpatient Hospital Claims for Spending Analyses offers guidance for performing hospital outpatient spending and utilization analyses; and
- Guide to Understanding Hospital Spending through Financial Analysis provides directions for assessing hospital and health system financial performance using publicly-available data.





Thank you for joining us.

Visit www.Milbank.org/cgt for all resources.

